New rules for winners

Ensuring future automotive supplier competitiveness in the aftermarket

5th CLEPA Automotive Aftermarket Conference

Andreas Cornet November 28, 2013 Cooperation of CLEPA and McKinsey & Company

CLEPA
 European Association of
 Automotive Suppliers

McKinsey&Company

Content

Our recent study of the supplier industry identified 7 success factors and 4 drivers for future market growth

Successful suppliers show clear focus on aftermarket through innovative sales initiatives and strategic organizational setup

To stay successful in the future aftermarket suppliers need to react to 8 major trends

This study was conducted by McKinsey & Company, Inc. We wish to thank CLEPA, the European Association of Automotive Suppliers, for its support, for the access provided to member companies, and for the clarifying discussions of intermediate results.



Quick recap

Learning from industry leaders

- In the increasingly difficult and demanding environment of the past decade, the European automotive supplier industry overall sustained its performance (5.7% growth p.a., 4.0% EBIT margin) primarily through product innovation and substantial productivity gains
- However, there is a significant **performance spread.** Successful suppliers had a growth advantage of over 10% and a profit advantage of over 4% p.a. This can largely be explained by **7 success factors on top of operational excellence**

Vision 2020 Strong growth in a volatile future

- While growth in Europe is currently pausing, global component markets will almost double to EUR 1,700 - 2,000 bn until 2020 (continued growth at around 5%) with 85% of growth coming from 4 areas
 shift to Asia, segments A, B, C, aftermarket, and additional content
- In addressing these growth opportunities, suppliers will be challenged by increasing volatility, cash constraints, need for outstanding talents, and growing restructuring requirements in Europe

The way forward Responding to 4 paradigm shifts

- Position to benefit from the changing sources of growth
- Ensure operational excellence even for innovative components to cope with increasing cost pressure from OEMs
- Reduce risk exposure to prepare for increasing volatility in many areas
- Actively address and manage cash constraints and HR/talent need as key growth barriers

In the global supplier industry, Europe has been leading in growth while Asia was most profitable

Percent



European suppliers grew almost twice as fast as North American suppliers

Asian suppliers with slightly higher profitability than European suppliers

SOURCE: IHS Global Insight; Automotive News 2011; Bloomberg; annual reports; McKinsey Corporate Performance Analysis Tool; McKinsey Top 100 database

Asian suppliers were strong before crisis, Europeans and North American companies have very well recovered after crisis

Performance by HQ region, 2001 - 11, percent



SOURCE: Automotive News 2011; Bloomberg; annual reports; McKinsey Corporate Performance Analysis Tool; McKinsey Top 100 database

Supplier growth was mainly driven by volume and increased depth of added value

CAGR, percent

Drivers of growth for top 100 players, 2001 - 11		Underlying effects	
Volume increase	3.9	Global new vehicle production 3.6% CAGR and global vehicle park 3.0% CAGR	
Price increase	0.9	~ 0.5% p.a. additional component value	
Volume mix	-1.1	Negative effect by shift of volume mix towards small cars	
Market growth	3.7		
Increase supplier share of value added	2.0	Supplier share of added value: 2001 ~ 69%, 2011 ~ 78%	
Total	5.7	Organic growth ~ 5.6	
	ge split of growth source op 100 suppliers, 2001 - 1		

We have analyzed the top 100 worldwide suppliers, which account for 45% of the revenue pool, based on a comprehensive company database



 In addition, results from more than 40 expert interviews

Japan, Germany, and South Korea were the biggest winners, the US lost significantly

Global top 100 automotive OES in respective year



Increase in Asia mainly driven by Japanese and Korean OES

Suppliers with high growth/profit grew by ~ 11% p.a. and earned ~ 6% EBIT margin on average over the past decade

Percent, 2001 - 11



1 Total return to shareholder (TRS) for companies listed at stock market

SOURCE: Automotive News 2011; Bloomberg; annual reports; McKinsey Top 100 database; McKinsey Corporate Performance Analysis Tool

On top of operational excellence, 7 key success factors have been identified in executive interviews and checked by database analyses

Most successful automotive suppliers ...

- ... use size to grow ~ 50% faster and earn ~ 1 percentage point more
- increased their share of sales in Asia to over 20% and realized
 2 percentage points higher profits
- .. can excel in any component group while having ~ 60% of revenues in segments in which they are among the top 2 worldwide
- ... have ~ 45% revenue share with high-performing OEMs (above average EBIT and growth)
- ... drive 3 times as many component innovations for less money by following a balanced approach between fast follower and lead developer and find the right level of R&D investment (typically between 3 and 5% of revenues)
- ... maximize the **share of aftermarket revenues (to typically > 20%)** depending on the component portfolio
- ... can better compensate for revenue drops by having relatively **low break-even points around 60%** and the ability to better **adjust inventory** levels
- .. typically achieve 120% higher capital turnover, better adjust inventory levels to revenue drops, and realize greater reductions in relative capex spend

SOURCE: CLEPA; Automotive News 2011; Bloomberg; annual reports; McKinsey Top 100 database; McKinsey Corporate Performance Analysis Tool

Big is beautiful.

2 Go East.

Top or out.

4 Join the highflyers.

Profitable growth

Aftermarket.

7 Agility.

through lean innovation.

Operational excellence.

Until 2020, the global supplier market will grow by 5.0 - 7.0% p.a.



EUR billions



1 Industry level CAGR, arithmetic average of top 100 suppliers 5.7%

2 Based on market model; key assumptions: 4% CAGR on car sales volume, average component value EUR 10,300

SOURCE: IHS Global Insight; Merrill Lynch; Datamonitor; expert interviews; McKinsey

Compared to the last decade, the identified 4 key growth drivers will gain importance until 2020 and explain ~ 85% of automotive supplier growth

Growth global automotive supple EUR billions (percent of total)		2011 - 20
A Shift to Asia	110 (25%)	260 - 320 (~ 40%)
B Car segments A, B, C	100 (23%)	180 - 240 (~ 28%)
C Aftermarket	35 (8%)	60 - 100 (~10%)
Additional content	0 - 30 ¹ (0 - 6%)	0 - 110 (~7%)
Other effects	172 - 202 ¹ (38 - 44%)	100 - 130 (~15%)
Total	447 (100%)	600 - 900 (100%)

1 Additional content leading to growth for supplier (i.e., additional content paid for by OEMs) very limited (0 - 0.5% p.a. 2001 - 11); increase in share of value added from suppliers included in "other effects"

SOURCE: IHS Global Insight; Merrill Lynch; Datamonitor; expert interviews; McKinsey

A SHIFT TO ASIA Chinese companies are becoming increasingly active in the automotive supplier industry



1 2013 includes January - June 2013

2 Private company, CARG is for years 09-11

3 Metal forming & dies, interior & exterior trimming, electric and electronics parts, function parts, hot-worked parts and new energy parts

Readiness for future growth can be assessed through quick benchmarking against industry best practices

OUTSIDE-IN

Example supplier

Position in performance spread of top 100 suppliers¹

	Key success factors	Relevant KPIs	Low	High
ပ္ လ	Big is beautiful/ growth in segments A, B, C	Revenue 2011, EUR billions		-7.9
Strategi titivenes		Capital turnover 2011	2.4 ³	4.6
		Number of components in portfolio ²	5-	11 12
npei		OEMs served for 80% revenue ²	5-	8-0-10-
cor		Share of sales with A, B, C components ⁷	36 -	
	Growth in Asia	Share of Asian revenues 2011, percent	10-	23.
	Top or out	Revenue share of components with market leadership, percent		50
	Join the highflyers	Revenue share with high-performing OEMs, percent		 44 _ // _ ~ 50 [.]
	Profitable growth through innovation/ additional content	Level of R&D invest/revenue 2011, percent		- 5.0 ⁴ // - 10.8 ⁵
		Key component innovations 2001 - 11 per 10 bn revenue ⁸	1.0-	-2.8-//6.2-
SS		Share of aftermarket revenue 2011, percent		-25
al ene:	Non-OEM business	Share of non-automotive revenue 2011 ⁹ , percent	5-	— -15—// • ~ 40-
ltion etitiv	Agility/uncertainty	Break-even point, share of revenue, percent		-74-60-
pera	Operational excellence	Reduction of capex ratio p.a. 2001 - 11 ¹⁰ , percent		-3.369
con Con		Change in inventory to sales ratio 2007 - 09, percent	6.05.3	-0.5

1 Based on 2001 - 11 data from top 100 database: upper/lower quartile of European suppliers

2 Total of 16 component groups, estimate based on Who Supplies Whom EU and NA; sample of 62 suppliers

3 Group revenue/(property, plant and equipment + current assets - current liabilities)

4 Typical range of high-profit players, selected successful players are outside of range

5 Automotive ratio, whereby the groups ratio is at 8.1%

6 Capex as stated in annual report

7 In 2011, ~ 40% of sales generated in segments A, B, C based on market model, specific supplier value derived from Who supplies Whom

8 16 key innovations and 26 billion calculated average automotive sales 2001 - 11

9 Automotive News

10 Average capex ratio 01 - 11: 7.8% (group)

SOURCE: Who Supplies Whom, Automotive News 2011; Bloomberg; annual reports; McKinsey Top 100 Database; McKinsey Corporate Performance Analysis Tool

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Suppliers with a higher share of aftermarket sales were more profitable

23 selected top 100 suppliers¹, percent

Income performance dependent on aftermarket share, 2001 - 11

Average EBIT margin



1 Incl. 23 companies out of top 100 suppliers with aftermarket revenues available, thereof 7 with a share of aftersales < 10%, 6 with a share of 10 - 20%, and 10 with a share of > 20%

SOURCE: Automotive News 2011; annual reports; company Web sites; expert interviews; Bloomberg; annual reports; McKinsey Top 100 database; McKinsey Corporate Performance Analysis Tool

While some categories provide more aftermarket opportunities than others, any category offers potential for >10% of total sales

Range of aftermarket ratios, Percent



- Strong category-wide discrepancies in the aftermarket significance to suppliers
- Powertrain and Chassis offer the highest potential to focus on the aftermarket
- While the averaged aftermarket shares for some categories are rather low (7.9% (Interior); 5.7% (Body)), some suppliers have managed to push their share to more than 15% of the overall business

Some suppliers follow distinctive initiatives to profit from aftermarket

	Example initiatives:
Cooperate to win the market	 Joint venture provides franchise workshops with services for the cross-vehicle brand maintenance and repair
Build a dense service network	 Set up a service workshop network consisting of over 15,000 businesses
Enter emerging markets	 Serves the Chinese aftermarket with own service centers and by offering products and services to local repair shops
Target all customer segments	 Established a deep portfolio of brands to compete in every price category (e.g. Michelin, BFGoodrich, Kleber, Tigar)

Example: Hella's expansion in China



- Offering trainings to dealers and repair shops on technical skills and Hella products (Dealer Club)
- Opened a first direct sales store, Hella Maintenance Plant, in Apr 2012, and a second in May 2013
- Set up online flagship on Tmall.com (largest Chinese Ecommerce platform)

Among the players with successful aftermarket business, we observe a pattern of 5 characteristics

Observed practices in the aftermarket

- Dedicated organizational unit with aftermarket responsibility
- Prioritization of aftermarket orders in production
- Dedicated aftermarket products and brands, incl. private labels
- "Reboxing" externally purchased components in aftermarket portfolio
- Direct relationships with workshops
 - B2B service points for technical enquiries and orders from workshops
 - Offering of trainings, software, diagnosis tools

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7 key trends will shape the future aftermarket and possible approaches from industries provide

Detailed in the following

Value today

···▶ Expected trend until 2020

Key trends	KPIs	Scale ¹
1 Internet starting to change current sales and distribution channels	% of online IAM sales	 - ●· ▶ ■
2 Rising importance of professional end customers (e.g., insurances, fleets)	% of cars sold together with insurance package	0 8 100
 OE push into segments of older cars 	Ø car age when repair and maintenance switches from OEMs to IAM	
 Chains increasing their market share requiring suppliers to actively seek relationships 	% of revenue in aftermarket penetrated by chains	0 36 100
3 Increasing importance of Asian aftermarket	% Asian share of global after-market revenue	0 25 100
4 Consolidation of wholesalers driving cost pressure	% share of revenues of top- 15 distributors	0 45 100
 Increasing price pressure from copy brands and low-cost suppliers (esp. Chinese exports) 	% of copy and low cost auto parts in Germany imported from Asia	↓ • • ▶ − − − − − − − − − −

1 KPIs reflect expected German development - only trends "OE push" and "Asian aftermarket" show globally expected development

SOURCE: IHS Global Insight; Global industry Analysts; Datamonitor; Marketline; Automotive Aftermarket industry Association; Automotive Aftermarket Supplier Association; McKinsey

INTERNET

1 The Internet has the potential to change the distribution logic particularly for low-complexity components



IMPORTANCE OF END CUSTOMERS

2 Insurances and fleet customers increasingly restrict end customers choice on aftermarket services

Insurance companies globally offer tariffs with direct repair shops for multiple reasons

- Lower claim repair costs through negotiated discount rate for specific repairs
- Faster and more convenient service for customers
- Standardized quality of repair shops



Progressive even offers final quality check within own service centers

"When the work is finished, the vehicle is returned to the Service Center where we inspect the repairs with the shop. When we're satisfied with the repair quality, we call you to schedule a convenient pick up time." **IMPORTANCE OF ASIAN AFTERMARKET**

3 Asia is steadily increasing its importance in the global automotive

aftermarket

Global car park (truck and cars)

Global aftermarket revenue² (supplier share¹)



Observations

- Asia's car park has grown steadily by ~7% p.a. (CAGR 2001-2011) and is expected keep growing at 6% p.a. over the next years
- Aftermarket with similar growth rates, yet experiencing a time lag of ~5 years
- Asia is expected to account for half of realized revenue growth in the global aftermarket between 2011 and 2020

1 Based on supplier revenue share of 30% and consensus estimates from various sources 2 Incl. aftermarket revenue (parts only) for light vehicles and medium/heavy trucks

SOURCE: IHS Global Insight; Global Industry Analysts; Datamonitor; Marketline; Automotive Aftermarket Industry Association; Automotive Aftermarket Supplier Association; McKinsey CONSOLIDATION OF WHOLESALERS

Wholesale industry shows trend to further consolidate in future – with possible implications on the industry dynamics

Aftermarket wholesalers in Germany

 Distributor landscape has consolidated over last 20 years – recent examples:

STAHLGRUBER PV AUTOMOTIVE

2013: Stahlgruber bought majority of PV automotive shares



Acquisition of various small-sized companies over the past few years



2009: Merger of Trost and KSM

Industry example: Grocery retail Germany



Implications

- Increasing purchasing power of the retailers
- High barriers for new, mainly international players, to enter the market
- Increased competition due to limited growth potential, e.g. price wars results that smaller competitors lose out the market
- Customer loyalty becomes more relevant
- Big data is gaining more importance to achieve competitive advantage

1 Market share on total grocery retail - Modern + Traditional

Staying competitive in the automotive aftermarket requires answers to the following key questions

What are my **aftermarket targets** and what **strategy** should I pursue to reach them?

Where do I stand **compared to best-in-class** competitors and how can I **apply industry best practices** in my own company?

What strategic initiatives should I start to best prepare for the future trends in the aftermarket?